EXHIBIT. 7

DATE 2/6/07

HB. 5

Information Technology Services Division (ITSD)

HB 5 - APPROPRIATING MONEY FOR CAPITAL PROJECTS

Enterprise Systems Services Centers

Mike Boyer, Asst. Administrator DoA, ITSD

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Contrasting the ESSC Proposal with the Supercomputer Proposal

ESSC

- Facility focus
- Production orientation
 - Hundreds of computer runs daily
 - Reliability of processing cycle critical
- Transaction processing with changing data
- "Affecting people' lives right now"

Supercomputer

- Machine focus
- Research orientation
 - Small number of research computer runs
 - Each can take several days
- Analysis/modeling of point-in-time data
- "Understanding how to make a better future"





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Topics

- ESSC definition
- Services provided from the Mitchell Bldg.
- Challenges posed by the physical building
- · Proposal goals
- ESSC highlights and characteristics
- Proposal Estimates



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What is an Enterprise Systems Services Center (ESSC)?

- Includes three key infrastructure areas:
 - Data Center
 - Network Operations Center
 - Voice Operations Center
- Enterprise services are available to the full breadth of State government
 - All three branches of State government
 - Partnering with Montana University System
 - Other units of government





Mitchell Bldg Quick Profile: ITSD Data Center

- · Mainframe and mid-tier services
 - IBM mainframe
 - Over 500 mid-tier computers (Unix, Windows & Linux servers)
- · Over 66 Terabytes of agency data
- About 6000 sqf of computer room space
- · High volume print services
- Enterprise applications ex: e-mail, SABHRS
- Agency services ex: application hosting, Central Imaging
 - Agreements with 26 "agencies", MUS & local gov't



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Mitchell Bldg Quick Profile: Network Management

- State Capital Complex high-speed campus network
- Primary entry point for statewide network vendors
- · Primary State Internet connection
- Network security facilities
- Primary resource for all network device configurations across Montana (nearly 500 sites)
- Interactive Video Conferencing services



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Mitchell Bldg Quick Profile: Voice Services

- Provides the "central office" for 8,000 telephones in Helena area
- Provides voice mail services
- Provides "interactive voice response" connections for self-service applications
- · Provides voice conferencing services
- Handles all long distance calling for State.



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Mitchell Building History

- Mitchell Bldg. houses Enterprise IT services and ITSD staff
- · West and center wings built in 1948
- East wing built in mid-1960's
- · Designed as a general office building
 - 14 external doors
 - Electrical service/wiring outdated
 - Floor-ceiling height and support columns limit how space can be used
- Data/Network/Voice Centers were an afterthought



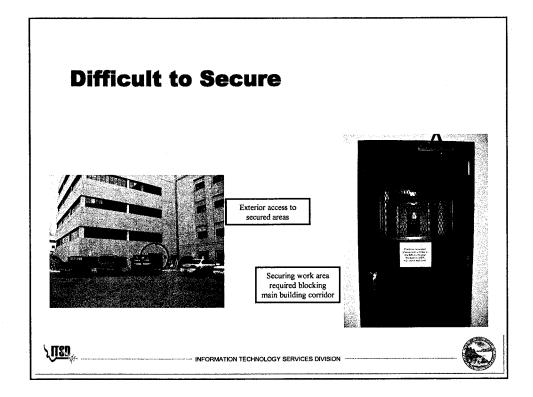


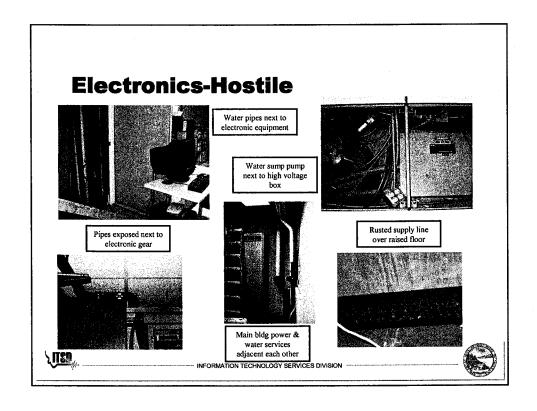
Mitchell Building Challenges

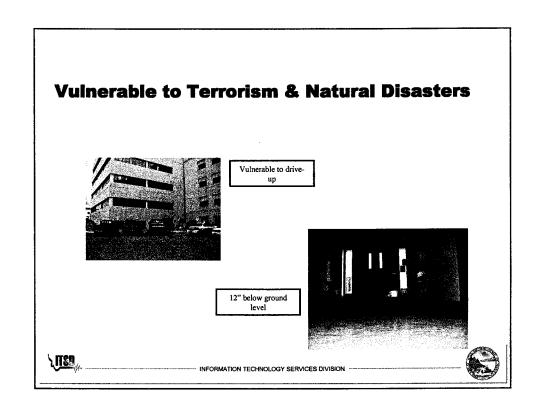
- · Difficult to secure
- Electronics-hostile building design
- · Vulnerable to terrorism/natural disasters
- Space limitations



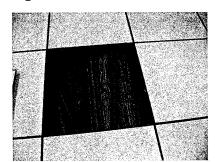








Space Limitations



Limited to 8" raised floor, raceways full





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Mitchell Bldg. Problem Mitigation Efforts

- · Security
 - Card key locks
 - Exterior doors locked off-hours
- Water
 - Water sensors and sump pumps under raised floor
- Electrical
 - 2002 electrical engineering study
 - Generator system \$900,000
 - · Ground system and surge protectors
 - 2006 electrical engineering study in wake of outages
 - · Grounding recommendations
 - · Transformer and panel upgrade recommendations





Mitchell Bldg. Problems We Can't Fix

- Security
 - Proximity to streets & parking
 - Building access/control
 - Lack of floor to ceiling solid walls
- Water
 - East wing 12" below grade
 - Plumbing runs
- · Building vulnerabilities
 - Seismic concerns
- Space
 - Layout limits use of space
 - No room for expansion





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Ensuring Continuity of Government

- Disaster Recovery shortcomings
 - D/R process is far too slow to support critical services
 - Always lagging behind the changing production requirements and costly
- Adopt Continuous Operations (COOP) approach
 - Two sites with different risk factors (e.g.: seismic) & equipped to handle critical systems load
 - High-speed communications between sites
 - Standard hardware to assures critical applications can run at either site
 - Critical data replicated at both sites to assure critical applications run with minimal interruption in service

Improved Continuity of Operations (COOP) and better value for our dollars





Agency "Data Centers"

- Numerous "data centers" throughout State government
 - About 15 "data centers" in Helena area
 - About 16,000 sqf (2004 report)
 - Wide range of security, Continuity Of Operations (COOP) situations
 - New investments being critically examined



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Support for New Facilities

- Risk Assessment
 - 2002 Titan Systems
 - 2006 CO National Guard
- Data Center Audit (2005)
- Legislative Audit Committee tour
- · Governor's Priority List





The ESSC proposal has four objectives

- 1. To provide security that protects Montana data, hardware, and software to the level of industry best practices and the requirements established by Federal agency partners.
- 2. To provide near non-stop operation of critical applications through redundant services centers, redundant computers, and replicated data
- 3. To accommodate the data center computing facility needs of other agencies quickly and with minimal cost.
- 4. To maximize the State's benefit from its disaster recovery/COOP investments.



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ESSC Highlights



- · Two facilities
 - Helena ESSC with offices for ITSD and other agencies' technical staff using the ESSC data center
 - Eastern Montana ESSC
 - Shared production load with high speed communications between sites
- · Designed for security
- · Sized and equipped to handle critical load





ESSC Highlights (cont.)



- Redundancy for critical applications
 - Communications/Computing capacity/Application Data
 - Statewide Voter Registration System pilot in 2006
- Revised approach to Disaster Recovery and COOP
- Accommodate capacity requirements of agencies currently running separate data centers



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Agency Participation

- · Supports two approaches to co-locating in ESSC
 - "Centralization": shared physical facility and services; agency ownership and support of their infrastructure to achieve greater efficiency while retaining agency control of equipment
 - "Consolidation": integration of agency workloads onto shared ITSD infrastructure for maximized efficiency
- Upon passage, work with agencies to develop an ESSC migration plan
 - Paced to assure stability of service



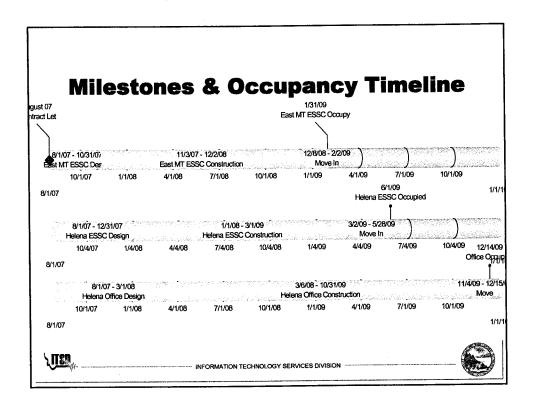


Cost Estimate

	Initial Cost	Recurring Cost
Helena ESSC & Office Design/Construct	\$18,850,000	
Eastern MT ESSC Design/Construct	\$2,250,000	
High Capacity Telecommunication Links	\$500,000	\$180,000
Hardware & Software (High Availability)	\$1,750,000	\$350,000
Furnishings & Moving Expense	\$800,000	
Total	\$24,150,000	\$530,000







Other States/Due Diligence

- Kansas
 - Two centers (Primary and "hot backup")
 - External D/R for mainframe only
- Oregon
 - Consolidation of 12 agencies into a new data/network center
- NASCIO (National Association of State ClOs)
- NASTD (National Association of State Technology Directors)
- Uptime Institute
 - Member based major companies that have built centers
 - Best practices based on real-world experience
 - Tiers describe complexity of business requirements (Tiers I-IV)



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Thank You

· We appreciate your consideration of this major project



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